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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/649,385	08/27/2003	Mark Stephen Edwards	AD6753 US DIV	6042
23906	7590 08/10/2005		EXAMINER	
E I DU PONT DE NEMOURS AND COMPANY			AFTERGUT, JEFF H	
LEGAL PA	FENT RECORDS CENTER			
BARLEY M	IILL PLAZA 25/1128		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
4417 LANCASTER PIKE			1733	
WILMINGT	ON, DE 19805		DATE MAILED: 08/10/2004	ς.

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Application No. Applicant(s)					
10/649,385 EDWARDS ET AL.					
Office Action Summary Examiner Art Unit					
Jeff H. Aftergut 1733					
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).					
Status					
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on					
This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.					
Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims					
 4) Claim(s) 1 and 2 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) 2 is/are withdrawn from consideration. 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement. 					
Application Papers					
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.					
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.					
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).					
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 					
Attachment(s)					
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)					
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 5) Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) Cher:					

10

Election/Restrictions

1. This application contains claims directed to the following patentably distinct species of the claimed invention: the species where the method of making the elongated article which includes the wrapping the monofilament and the severing of the monofilament to form the two rows of monofilament segments and the method of making the elongated article which includes the steps of wrapping the mandrel with the monofilament and the formation of two rows of monofilament loops on either side of the base string.

Applicant is required under 35 U.S.C. 121 to elect a single disclosed species for prosecution on the merits to which the claims shall be restricted if no generic claim is finally held to be allowable. Currently, no claims are generic.

Applicant is advised that a reply to this requirement must include an identification of the species that is elected consonant with this requirement, and a listing of all claims readable thereon, including any claims subsequently added. An argument that a claim is allowable or that all claims are generic is considered nonresponsive unless accompanied by an election.

Upon the allowance of a generic claim, applicant will be entitled to consideration of claims to additional species which are written in dependent form or otherwise include all the limitations of an allowed generic claim as provided by 37 CFR 1.141. If claims are added after the election, applicant must indicate which are readable upon the elected species. MPEP § 809.02(a).

Application/Control Number: 10/649,385 Page 3

Art Unit: 1733

Should applicant traverse on the ground that the species are not patentably distinct, applicant should submit evidence or identify such evidence now of record showing the species to be obvious variants or clearly admit on the record that this is the case. In either instance, if the examiner finds one of the inventions unpatentable over the prior art, the evidence or admission may be used in a rejection under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) of the other invention.

- 2. During a telephone conversation with Tamera Fair on 8-5-05 a provisional election was made without traverse to prosecute the invention of the cutting of the monofilament to form two rows of monofilament segments on either side of the base string, claim 1. Affirmation of this election must be made by applicant in replying to this Office action. Claim 2 has been withdrawn from further consideration by the examiner, 37 CFR 1.142(b), as being drawn to a non-elected invention.
- 3. Applicant is reminded that upon the cancellation of claims to a non-elected invention, the inventorship must be amended in compliance with 37 CFR 1.48(b) if one or more of the currently named inventors is no longer an inventor of at least one claim remaining in the application. Any amendment of inventorship must be accompanied by a request under 37 CFR 1.48(b) and by the fee required under 37 CFR 1.17(i).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Art Unit: 1733

5. Claim 1 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over any one of Edwards et al, Kennard et al or Mokhtar et al further taken with any one of Weihrauch '305 or Weihrauch '403.

The references to any one of Edwards et al, Kennard et al or Mokhtar et al suggested that it was known at the time the invention was made form an elongated article including the steps of feeding at least one string along an axis of a mandrel, wrapping at least one yarn about the mandrel axis (and thus the axis of the base string) to produce a number of wraps per unit length of base string, bonding the wraps of the yarn to the base string and cutting the wraps of the yarn at a point downstream of where the wraps are bonded to the base string to thereby form an article having two rows of yarn segments connected to the base string. The references to any one of Edwards et al, Kennard et al or Mokhtar et al failed to teach the use of a monofilament for the formation of the elongated article rather than the use of a yarn.

However, in the art of making a brush bristle assembly, one skilled in the art at the time the invention was made would have understood that it would have been desirable to utilize a material formed from monofilaments which were assembled together rather than strands of filaments as evidenced by any one of Weihrauch '305 or Weihrauch '403 it was known at the time the invention was made to employ a monofilament material in the manufacture of a brush bristle, see more specifically, Weihrauch '305 (column 10, line 63-column 11, line 7) or Weihrauch '403 (column 10, line 64-column 11. line 8) both suggested that one skilled in the art at the time the invention was made would have known to utilize a monofilament to form a brush bristle.

Art Unit: 1733

Certainly, it would have been within the purview of the ordinary artisan to select a suitable strand material for forming the tuft string in any one of Edwards et al, Kennard et al or Mokhtar et al. Note that the tuft string formed would have been suitable for a bush assembly. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to employ a monofilament for winding for forming a brush bristle as suggested by either one of Weihrauch '305 or Weihrauch '403 in the process of making a brush bristle as taught by any one of Edwards et al, Kennard et al or Mokhtar et al.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Jeff H. Aftergut whose telephone number is 571-272-1212. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday 7:15-345 pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Blaine Copenheaver can be reached on 571-272-1156. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Application/Control Number: 10/649,385

Art Unit: 1733

Page 6

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Jeff(H/) Aftergut () Primary Examine

Art Unit 1733

JHA

August 6, 2005